REDHAWK KVM-RT™

Version 1.1 Release Notes

January 2020





Disclaimer

The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice. Concurrent Real-Time has taken efforts to remove errors from this document, however, Concurrent Real-Time's only liability regarding errors that may still exist is to correct said errors upon their being made known to Concurrent Real-Time.

License

Duplication of this manual without the written consent of Concurrent Real-Time is prohibited. Any copy of this manual reproduced with permission must include the Concurrent Real-Time copyright notice.

Trademark Acknowledgments

Concurrent Real-Time and its logo are registered trademarks of Concurrent Real-Time. All other Concurrent Real-Time product names are trademarks of Concurrent Real-Time while all other product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners. Linux® is used pursuant to a sublicense from the Linux Mark Institute.

Contents

1.0	Intro	oduction 1		
	1.1	Product Description		
	1.2	Related Publications		
	1.3	Syntax Notation		
2.0	Prerequisites			
	2.1	Host Hardware Considerations		
	2.2	Boot Firmware Configuration		
		Host Software Requirements		
3.0	Insta	stallation & Upgrade Procedures		
4.0	Soft	tware Removal5		
5.0	Soft	ware Updates and Support		
	5.1	, ,,		
	5.2	Software Updates		
		5.2.1 Updating via NUU		
		5.2.2 Installing Manually Downloaded RPMs		
		5.2.3 Customized Update Discs		
	5.3	Documentation Updates		

Contents

1.0. Introduction

This document provides release information and installation instructions for Concurrent Real-Time's RedHawk KVM-RTTM Version 1.1.

1.1 Product Description

RedHawk KVM-RT is a Real-Time Hypervisor solution that utilizes QEMU/KVM and RedHawk real-time features to extend RedHawk's real-time determinism to guest RedHawk virtual machines.

It supports multiple guests, both real-time and non real-time, running in virtual machines on a single host system.

1.2 Related Publications

The following table lists Concurrent Real-Time documentation. Depending upon the document, they are available online on RedHawk Linux systems or from the Concurrent Real-Time documentation web site at http://redhawk.concurrent-rt.com/docs

RedHawk KVM-RT	Pub. Number
RedHawk KVM-RT Release Notes	0898603
RedHawk KVM-RT User Guide	0898604
RedHawk Architect	
RedHawk Architect Release Notes	0898600
RedHawk Architect User's Guide	0898601
RedHawk Linux	
RedHawk Linux Release Notes	0898003
RedHawk Linux User's Guide	0898004
RedHawk Linux FAQ	N/A
NightStar RT Development Tools	
NightView User's Guide	0898395
NightTrace User's Guide	0898398
NightProbe User's Guide	0898465
NightTune User's Guide	0898515

1.3 Syntax Notation

The following notation is used throughout this document:

italic Books, reference cards, and items that the user must specify

appear in italic type. Special terms may also appear in italic.

list bold User input appears in list bold type and must be entered

exactly as shown. Names of directories, files, commands, options

and man page references also appear in list bold type.

list	Operating system and program output such as prompts, messages and listings of files and programs appears in list type.
[]	Brackets enclose command options and arguments that are optional. You do not type the brackets if you choose to specify these options or arguments.

2 RedHawk KVM-RT Release Notes

2.0. Prerequisites

2.1 Host Hardware Considerations

Concurrent Real-Time recommends KVM-RT applications use the latest available Intel CPUs that support Intel Virtualization Technology.

The CPUs on the host must support Virtual Machine Extensions (VMX). Different providers have different names for the virtualization technology; on Intel CPUs look for VT-x and on AMD CPUs look for AMD V.

The CPU must also support I/O MMU virtualization. This support is necessary for virtual machines to directly use IO devices such as PCI Express (PCIe) cards, network interface (NIC) cards, and hard disk drives (HDD) controllers. This support is provided on Intel's VT-d and AMD's AMD-Vi.

It is also highly recommended the CPUs also support Interrupt virtualization with either Intel's APICv or AMD's AVIC.

2.2 Boot Firmware Configuration

It is recommended to use UEFI boot firmware on the host if any virtual machines will use PCIe passthrough of consumer grade Graphics Processing Units (GPUs). If a host is configured with legacy BIOS boot firmware, a passed-through GPU may be rejected by the virtual machine's graphics driver. To use UEFI, make sure the host boot firmware supports UEFI and is not set to "Legacy BIOS" mode prior to installing the OS distribution on the host system.

Virtualization extensions must be enabled. Enable all VMX capabilities supported by your processors and PCI subsystem. Once booted, the <code>lscpu(1)</code> command can be used to verify that the vmx flag is set.

2.3 Host Software Requirements

KVM-RT requires the host system to be running the RedHawk operating system, version 7.5 or later. KVMRT is supported on the following RedHawk releases and base distributions:

RedHawk 8.0 running on:

- any 8.0 CentOS-compatible distribution
- Ubuntu 18.04

RedHawk 7.5 running on CentOS 7.5.

3.0. Installation & Upgrade Procedures

Perform the following installation steps as the root user to both install and upgrade KVM-RT:

- 1. Insert the installation CD in the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. The CD should normally be automatically mounted under the /run/media/root directory. If it does not mount automatically, create a mount point directory and invoke the mount command as follows:

mount /dev/cdrom /media/cdrom

NOTE

/media/cdrom is used in the examples in this section, however any other unique mount point directory can be used instead.

NOTE

On Ubuntu systems you may encounter a directory access problem. To work around it, execute the following command <u>after</u> inserting the DVD:

sudo setfacl -m g::5,o::5 /media/*

3. Change the current working directory to the directory containing the installation script:

cd /media/cdrom

4. Invoke the installation script:

./install-kvmrt

When prompted, you must accept EULA to continue.

5. When installation is complete, change the current working directory outside of /media/cdrom:

cd /

6. Unmount the CD-ROM device (may be required to remove the installation CD from the CD-ROM device):

umount /media/cdrom

4.0. Software Removal

Should you desire to uninstall RedHawk KVM-RT, perform the following steps as the root user.

- 1. Insert the installation CD in the CD-ROM drive.
- 2. Mount the CD-ROM drive.

mount /dev/cdrom /media/cdrom

NOTE

/media/cdrom is used in the examples in this section, however any other unique mount point directory can be used instead.

NOTE

On Ubuntu systems you may encounter a directory access problem. To work around it, execute the following command <u>after</u> inserting the DVD:

```
sudo setfacl -m g::5,o::5 /media/*
```

3. Change the current working directory to the directory containing the installation script:

cd /media/cdrom

4. Invoke the uninstall script:

./uninstall-kvmrt

5. When the uninstall is complete, change the current working directory outside of /media/cdrom:

cd /

6. Unmount the CD-ROM device (may be required to remove the installation CD from the CD-ROM device):

umount /media/cdrom

5.0. Software Updates and Support

5.1 Direct Software Support

Software support is available from a central source. If you need assistance or information about your system, please contact the Concurrent Real-Time Software Support Center at our toll free number 1-800-245-6453. For calls outside the continental United States, the number is 1-954-283-1822. The Software Support Center operates Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Eastern Standard Time.

Calling the Software Support Center gives you immediate access to a broad range of skilled personnel and guarantees you a prompt response from the person most qualified to assist you. If you have a question requiring on-site assistance or consultation, the Software Support Center staff will arrange for a field analyst to return your call and schedule a visit.

You may also submit a request for assistance at any time by using the Concurrent Real-Time, Inc. web site at http://concurrent-rt.com/support.

5.2 Software Updates

Updates to Concurrent Real-Time RedHawk software can be obtained via Concurrent Real-Time's Software Portal. There are three ways of installing product updates:

- Using the Network Update Utility (NUU) installed on your RedHawk system
- Manual installation after browsing and downloading individual RPMs from Concurrent Real-Time's software repositories
- Building a customized Update disc using Concurrent Real-Time's web site for immediate download

5.2.1 Updating via NUU

NUU supports installation and updating of software products from Concurrent Real-Time software repositories over a network. NUU utilizes Yum and the RPM subsystems to install and update software.

NUU is installed automatically with RedHawk, however, you should configure it to include all of the Concurrent Real-Time software products installed on your system.

Clicking on the "Updates (NUU)" icon on your desktop launches NUU to check to see if Concurrent Real-Time updates are available for your system.

NOTE

It is recommended that all CentOS repositories should be disabled when checking for Concurrent Real-Time updates. In NUU, select the Repositories -> Edit Configuration menu item and ensure that the *base*, *updates* and *extras* repositories are disabled.

6

Instructions for configuring NUU can be found in the QuickStart.pdf document available when you click on the NUU link on the redhawk.concurrent-rt.com website or directly via this link http://redhawk.concurrent-rt.com/network/QuickStart.pdf

The first time you invoke NUU you will need to specify your redhawk.concurrent-rt.com Login ID and Password that were provided in the shipping documents accompanying your system. If you require assistance, refer to "You can also view the latest RedHawk FAQ at http://redhawk.concurrent-rt.com/docs/root/1Linux/1RedHawk/RedHawk-FAQ.pdf." on page 9.

Before using NUU to install any updated software modules, check for NUU updates separately. Apply any NUU updates and then restart NUU before applying any other updates.

5.2.2 Installing Manually Downloaded RPMs

You can browse Concurrent Real-Time's software repositories to locate updated RPMs and download them for manual installation.

Access the RedHawk Updates web site (http://redhawk.concurrent-rt.com/) by clicking on the "Concurrent Real-Time Software Portal" icon on the desktop. Below is the top half of the screen displayed when you access this web site.





This site provides you access to Concurrent Real-Time software products and updates to those products that execute on the following platforms:

- RedHawk Linux
- CentOS
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux
- Ubuntu

You can download <u>NUU</u>, Concurrent Real-Time's Network Update and Installation utility, browse product repositories to manually download software packages, or create customized Update CD images for immediate download.

Services:

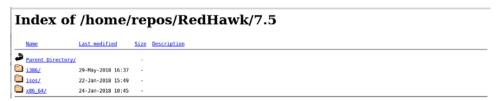
- Document Library
- Network Repositories
- Browse Repositories
- Create Update Images
- Manage NightStar Licenses
- Customer Survey



Clicking on the **Browse Repositories** link takes you to an authentication page.

Enter your redhawk.concurrent-rt.com Login ID and Password and click the Browse button.

Select the products of interest and architecture from the following pages to see the list of RPMs in the product software repository.



To locate the latest RPMs in the repository, click on the Last modified column header to sort by date. You may need to click twice to set the sort order to newest-to-oldest.

After locating the RPMs of interest and downloading them to your system, you can manually install them.

To install newly downloaded packages, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in as root and take the system down to single-user mode:
 - a. Right click on the desktop and select Open Terminal.
 - b. At the system prompt, type init 1.
- 2. Change directory to the location of the updates and issue the following command:

The time it takes to install will vary depending on the number of updates being installed.

3. When complete, exit single-user mode (Ctrl-D).

NOTE

If you have installed an update containing new RedHawk kernels on a system that has post-installation loadable modules present, those modules must be recompiled for the new kernel; for example, an NVIDIA driver that is a later version than the one included with RedHawk or any third party package that uses loadable modules.

5.2.3 Customized Update Discs

You can use Concurrent Real-Time's Software Portal to create a customized Update Disc for your system which you can then download and burn onto physical media, or simply mount as an ISO9660 image.

Update discs have customized copies of product software repositories and a simple graphical interface for selecting packages for update and installation. These discs use NUU (described above) to talk to the disc to obtain packages -- no network access is required during installation via Update Discs.

Access the RedHawk Updates web site (http://redhawk.concurrent-rt.com) by clicking on the "Concurrent Real-Time Software Portal" icon on the desktop, then click on Create Update Images.

You will need to enter your redhawk.concurrent-rt.com Login ID and Password and then you can select the products to update. A disc image is built as part of the web session. At the end of the session, you can immediately download it for subsequent installation.

5.3 Documentation Updates

For the latest documents, including updated Release Notes and User Guides, go to Concurrent Real-Time's documentation web site at http://redhawk.concurrent-rt.com/docs.

You can also view the latest RedHawk FAQ at http://redhawk.concurrent-rt.com/docs/root/1Linux/1RedHawk/RedHawk-FAQ.pdf.

Software Updates and Support

10