

CONCURRENT COMPUTER CORPORATION

NightView™ Pocket Reference

For More Information

See the *NightView User's Guide* (0890395).

See **nview(1)** and the on-line help.

Type **nview -help**.

See <http://www.ccur.com>

Call 800.245.6453 or 954.971.6248.

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NightView is a general-purpose, source-level debugger for Ada, C, C++ and Fortran. NightView can be used to debug multiple processes on the local system or on different hosts.

Invoking NightView

```
nightview [-attach pid] [-editor program] [-help] [-ktalk]
            [-noquit] [-noktalk] [-nolocal] [-nx] [-prompt string]
            [-safely safe-mode] [-simplifyscreen] [-version]
            [-Xoption ...] [-x command-file] [-xeditor]
            [program-name] [corefile-name]
```

Compile with symbolic debugging information turned on (-g). Run programs by giving the program name as an argument on the NightView invocation or by using the **run** command within NightView. In the graphical user interface, you can type the program invocation directly into the dialogue shell in the Dialogue I/O section of the Dialogue Window.

Command Syntax

[(qualifier)] command [command-arg ...]

Controlling the Debugger

Quitting NightView

Stop everything. Exit the debugger.

quit

Abbreviation: **q**

Managing Dialogues

Login to a new dialogue shell.

login [/conditional] [/popup] [name=dialogue-name]
[user=login-name] [others ...] machine

Specify names for programs you wish to debug.

debug pattern ...

Specify names for programs you do not wish to debug.

nodebug pattern ...

Translate object filenames for a remote dialogue.

translate-object-file [from [to]]

Abbreviation: **x1**

Terminate a dialogue.

logout

Specify debugger commands to be executed when a dialogue is created.

on dialogue [regexp]

on dialogue regexp command

on dialogue regexp do

commands

end on dialogue

Execute **on dialogue** commands for existing dialogues.

apply on dialogue

Dialogue Input and Output

Pass input to a dialogue.

! [input line]

Control where dialogue output goes.

set-show [silent | notify=mode | continuous=mode]
[log[=filename]] [buffer=number]

Control dialogue output.

show [number | all | none] [shell-command]

line_number:unit_name [*'specification* | *'body*]
 An Ada unit name, which may be specified as a fully expanded unit name, preceded by the line number in the source file. *'body* is the default.

**expression* The address given by *expression*.

Special Expression Syntax

`$` Refers to the last value history entry.

`$$` Refers to the value history entry immediately prior to `$`.

`$number` Refers to that number entry in the value history.

`${-number}` Refers to command history values prior to the most recent one. E.g., `${-0}` means `$`, and `${-1}` means `$$`.

`$identifier` Refers to a convenience variable.

`$(file:line expression)`
 Evaluates *expression* in the context specified by *file* and *line* number.

`$(+number: routine expression)`
 Goes up the stack to the *number*th previous occurrence of *routine* relative to the current frame. *expression* is then evaluated in that context. To go down the stack, use `$(-number: routine expression)`.

`$(+number expression)`
 Refers to previous stack frames, regardless of the routine name. The immediately previous frame is +1. To go down the stack, use `$(-number expression)`.

`$(=number expression)`
 Evaluates the expression in the context of the given absolute frame number, regardless of the current frame.

`$(*frame-addr expression)`
 Uses *frame-addr*, a numeric constant, as an absolute frame address. It evaluates *expression* in the context of this frame address, regardless of the current frame.

Selecting Overloaded Entities

entity#? Query overloaded entity. An error message lists all choices.

entity## Turn on overloading temporarily. If there is only one choice, it is used. Otherwise, an error message lists all choices.

entity#*digits* Select a particular overloaded choice where *digits* is the number of the choice from the list printed in the error message.

Give a name to a family of one or more processes.
family *family-name* [[-] *qualifier-spec* ...]

Control whether children should be debugged.
set-children {all[resume] | exec | none}

Control whether a process stops before exiting.
set-exit [stop] | [nostop]

Reserve a region of memory in a process.
mreserve start=*address* {length=*bytes* | end=*address*}

Setting Modes

Log session to file.
set-log *keyword filename*

Establish a default language context for variables and expressions.
set-language {ada | auto | c | c++ | fortran}

Specify the default list of processes or dialogues that will be affected by subsequent commands which accept qualifiers.
set-qualifier [*qualifier-spec* ...]

Specify the number of items to be kept in the value history list.
set-history *count*

Specify limits on the number of array elements, string characters, or program addresses printed when examining program data.
set-limits {array=*number* | string=*number* | addresses=*number*} ...

Set the string used to prompt for command input.
set-prompt *string*

Set the string used to recognize end of dialogue input mode.
set-terminator *string*

Control debugger response to dangerous commands.
set-safety [forbid | verify | unsafe]

Control whether restart information is applied.
set-restart [always | never | verify]

Define process local convenience variables.
set-local *identifier* ...

Control the size of patch areas created in your process.
set-patch-area-size {data=*data-size* | eventpoint=*eventpoint-size* | monitor=*monitor-size* | text=*text-size*} ...

Control which subprograms are interesting

`interest [level] [[at] [location-spec]]`

`interest inLine [=level]`

`interest justLines [=level]`

`interest noDebug [=level]`

`interest threshold [=level]`

Control the positioning of the stack when a process stops.

`set-auto-frame args ...`

Control how overloaded operators and routines are treated in expressions:

`set-overload [operator={on|off}]`

`[routine={on|off}]`

Control case sensitivity of regular expressions.

`set-search [sensitive | insensitive]`

Set the mode for editing commands in the simple full-screen interface.

`set-editor mode`

Control how NightView displays disassembled instructions.

`set-disassembly [flavor={at|intel}]`

`[symbol={on|off} | [comment_level=number].`

Debugger Environment Control

Set the debugger's default working directory.

`cd dirname`

Print NightView's current working directory.

`pwd`

Source Files

Viewing Source Files

List a source file.

`list where-spec`

`list where-spec, where-spec2`

`list ,where-spec`

`list where-spec,`

`list +`

`list -`

`list =`

`list`

Abbreviation: `l`

Set the directory search path.

`directory [dirname ...]`

Qualifier Specifiers

A user-defined name that identifies a set of processes

`family-name`

and/or dialogues, called a family.

A dialogue in your NightView session. In contexts where

`dialogue-name`

the qualifier is being used to specify a set of processes, a

`dialogue-name` refers to all the processes being debugged

in that dialogue.

The process ID of one of the processes being debugged by

`pid`

NightView.

A particular process when processes in different dia-

`dialogue-name:pid`

logues have the same process ID.

All processes or dialogues known to NightView.

`all`

Designates the one process that is currently stopped and

`auto`

has been stopped for the longest time.

Predefined Convenience Variables

Holds the address of the last item dumped with the `x`

`$_`

command, the address of the last eventpoint listed by an

eventpoint status command, or the address of the first

instruction in a line described by the `info line` com-

mand.

Holds the contents of the last item dumped by the `x` com-

`$__`

mand. Depending on the dump, it holds the last word,

byte, etc.

Provides access to the machine registers. `reg` is any

`$reg`

machine register name, including `$pc` (program counter),

`$sp` (stack pointer), `$fp` (frame pointer), and

machine-specific registers.

Location Specifiers

The beginning of the named function or Ada unit. 'body

`function_name` or `unit_name` | 'body]

is the default for Ada units.

The first instruction generated for the given line in the

`file_name:line_number`

given file.

The beginning of `function_name` declared in `file_name`.

`file_name:function_name`

(This is required for static functions that are not globally

visible).

The first instruction generated for `line_number` in the cur-

`line_number`

rent file.

Symbol Table Information

Print description of current routine arguments.

info args

Print information about local variables.

info locals [*regexp*]

Print global variable information.

info variables [*regexp*]

Determine the location of a variable.

info address *identifier*

List names of source files.

info sources [*pattern*]

List names of functions, subroutines, or Ada unit names.

info functions [*regexp*]

Print type definition information.

info types [*regexp*]

Describe the result type of an expression visible in the current context.

info whatis *expression*

Abbreviation: **whatis**

Describe the storage representation of an expression.

info representation *expression*

Abbreviation: **representation**

Print the declaration of variables or types.

info declaration *regexp*

Abbreviation: **ptype**

Print the names of the executable, symbol table and core files.

info files

Describe location of a source line.

info line [*at*] *location-spec*

Defining and Using Macros

Define a NightView macro.

define *macro-name* [(*arg-name* [, *arg-name*] ...)] [*text*]

define *macro-name* [(*arg-name* [, *arg-name*] ...)] *as*

commands

end define

Print a description of one or more NightView macros.

info macros [*regexp*]

Edit the current source file.

edit

Searching

Search forward through the current source file for a specified regular expression.

forward-search [*regexp*]

Abbreviation: **fo**

Search backwards through the current source file for a specified regular expression.

reverse-search [*regexp*]

Examining and Modifying Processes

Print an ordered list of the currently active stack frames.

backtrace [*number-of-frames*]

Abbreviation: **bt**

Print the value of a language expression.

print [/*print-format-letter*] *expression*

Abbreviation: **p**

where *print-format-letter* can be:

- a hexadecimal and relative address
- c character
- d signed decimal
- f floating-point
- o octal
- s string
- u unsigned decimal
- x hexadecimal

Evaluate a language expression without printing its value.

set *expression*

Print the contents of memory beginning at a given address.

x [/*repeat-count*] [*size-letter*] [*x-format-letter*] [*addr-expression*]

where *size-letter* can be:

- b one byte
- h two bytes (halfword)
- w four bytes (word)
- g eight bytes (giant word)
- p size of a pointer
- t size of a long double

Describe convenience variables. **info convenience**

Describe expressions that are automatically displayed. **info display**

Print history information. **info history** *[number]*

Print information about limits on expression and location output. **info limits**

Print information about registers. **info registers** *[regexp]*

Print information about signals. **info signal** *[signal ...]*

Describe processes being debugged. **info process**

Print information about the virtual address space. **info memory** *[/verbose]*

Print information about active dialogues. **info dialogue**

Print information about an existing process family. **info family** *[regexp]*

Print information about an existing eventpoint-name. **info name** *[regexp]*

Print on dialogue commands. **info on dialogue** *[name]*

Print on program commands. **info on program** *[filename]*

Print on restart commands. **info on restart** *[output=outname | append=outname]* *[program]*

Print information about Ada exception handling. **info exception** *unit-name ...*

info exception

Abbreviation: **exception**

Describe lightweight processes, Ada tasks and C threads. **info threads**

and *x-format-letter* can be:

a	hexadecimal and relative address
c	character
d	signed decimal
f	floating-point
l	instruction disassembly
o	octal
s	string
u	unsigned decimal
x	hexadecimal
z	hexadecimal and ASCII

Print the value of a language expression with minimum output. **output** *[/print-format-letter] expression*

Print arbitrary text. **echo** *text*

Control items in a Data Window. **data-display** *[/window="window name" { /kind=value | expression}]*

Add to the list of expressions to be printed each time the process stops. **display** *[[/print-format-letter] expression] display* *[/repeat-count] [size-letter] [x-format-letter] addr-expression*

Disable an item from the display expression list. **undisplay** *item-number ...*

Enable a display item. **redisplay** *item-number ...*

Print the values of language expressions using a format string. **printf** *format-string, expression ...*

Dynamically load an object file, possibly replacing existing routines. **load** *object*

Set the value of a vector. **vector-set** *-value = component, component, ... vector-set* *-value = repeat-count, component*

Miscellaneous Commands

Access the online help system.

help [*section*]

Re-read source files and refresh the terminal screen.

refresh

Run an arbitrary shell command.

shell [*shell-command*]

Input commands from a source file.

source *command-file*

Delay NightView command execution for a specified time.

delay [*milliseconds*]

Info Commands

Status Information

Describe any open log files.

info log

Describe current state of breakpoints, tracepoints, patchpoints, monitorpoints, and agentpoints.

info eventpoint [/verbose] [*eventpoint-spec*] ...

Describe current state of breakpoints.

info breakpoint [/verbose] [*eventpoint-spec*] ...

Abbreviation: **i b**

Describe current state of tracepoints.

info tracepoint [/verbose] [*eventpoint-spec*] ...

Describe current state of patchpoints.

info patchpoint [/verbose] [*eventpoint-spec*] ...

Describe current state of monitorpoints.

info monitorpoint [/verbose] [*eventpoint-spec*] ...

Describe current state of agentpoints.

info agentpoint [/verbose] [*eventpoint-spec*] ...

Describe current state of watchpoints.

info watchpoint [/verbose] [*eventpoint-spec*] ...

Describe a stack frame.

info frame [/v] [**expression* [at *location-spec*]]

Print the search path used to locate source files.

info directories

Manipulating Eventpoints

Give a name to a group of eventpoints.

name [/add] *name* [[-] *eventpoint-spec*] ...

Set a breakpoint.

breakpoint [/disabled] [*name=breakpoint-name*]
[[at] *location-spec*] [*if conditional-expression*]

Abbreviation: **b**

Install a small patch to a routine.

patchpoint [/disabled] [*name=patchpoint-name*]
[[at] *location-spec*] *eval expression*

patchpoint [/disabled] [*name=patchpoint-name*]
[[at] *location-spec*] *goto location-spec*

Initialize tracing.

set-trace [*eventmap=event-map-file*]

Set a tracepoint.

tracepoint [/disabled] *event-id* [*name=tracepoint-name*]
[[at] *location-spec*]
[*value=logged-expression* [, *logged-expression...*]]
[*if conditional-expression*]

Monitor the values of one or more expressions at a given location.

monitorpoint [/disabled] [*name=monitorpoint-name*]
[[at] *location-spec*]

Control the monitor display window.

mcontrol [*display | nodisplay*] [*monitorpoint-spec* ...]

mcontrol *delay milliseconds*

mcontrol [*off | on | stale | nostale | hold | release*]

Abbreviation: **hold**

Abbreviation: **release**

Insert a call to a debug agent at a given location.

agentpoint [/disabled] [*name=agentpoint-name*]
[[at] *location-spec*]

Set a watchpoint.

watchpoint [*eventpoint-modifier*] [/once] [/read] [/write]
[*name=watchpoint-name*] [at] *lvalue* [*if conditional-expression*]

watchpoint [*eventpoint-modifier*] [/once] [/read] [/write]
/address [*name=watchpoint-name*] [at] *address-expression*
{*size size-expression* | *type expression*}
[*if conditional-expression*]

Clear all eventpoints at a given location.

clear [[at] *location-spec*]

Attach commands to a breakpoint or monitorpoint.
commands *eventpoint-spec*
end

Attach a condition to an eventpoint.

condition *eventpoint-spec* [*conditional-expression*]

Delete an eventpoint.

delete [*eventpoint-spec* ...]

Abbreviation: **d**

Disable an eventpoint.

disable [*eventpoint-spec* ...]

Enable an eventpoint for a specified duration.

enable [*once* | *delete*] [*eventpoint-spec* ...]

Attach an ignore-count to an eventpoint.

ignore *eventpoint-spec count*

Set a temporary breakpoint.

break [*name=breakpoint-name*] [*at*] [*location-spec*]

[*if* *conditional-expression*]

Set a patchpoint that will execute only once.

patch [*name=patchpoint-name*] [*at*] [*location-spec*]

eval expression

patch [*name=patchpoint-name*] [*at*] [*location-spec*]

goto location-spec

Controlling Execution

Continue execution and wait for something to happen.

continue [*count*]

Abbreviation: **c**

Continue execution.

resume [*sigid*]

Execute one line, stepping into procedures.

step [*repeat*]

Abbreviation: **s**

Execute one line, stepping over procedures.

next [*repeat*]

Abbreviation: **n**

Execute one instruction, stepping into procedures.

step1 [*repeat*]

Abbreviation: **s1**

Execute one instruction, stepping over procedures.
next1 [*repeat*]
Abbreviation: **n1**

Continue execution until the current function finishes.

finish

Stop a process.

stop

Continue execution at a specific location.

jump [*at*] *location-spec*

Continue execution with a signal.

signal *sigid*

Specify how to handle signals and Ada exceptions in the user process.

handle [*/signal*] *sigid keyword* ...

handle /*exception* *exception-name keyword* ...

handle /*exception* *unit-name keyword* ...

handle /*exception* *all keyword* ...

handle /*unhandled* *_exception keyword* ...

Selecting Context

Select a new stack frame or print a description of the current stack

Frame.

frame [*frame-number*]

frame **expression* [*at*] *location-spec*

Abbreviation: **f**

Move one or more stack frames toward the caller of the current stack

Frame.

up [*number-of-frames*]

Move one or more stack frames toward frames called by the current

stack frame.

down [*number-of-frames*]

Select the context of an Ada task, of a thread, of a lightweight process

(LWP), or of a thread process.

select-context default

select-context task=*expression*

select-context thread=*expression*

select-context lwp=*hwpid*

select-context pid=*pid*